

THE POST.

ALL BE PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY.

At Lebanon, Ky., By
W. W. Jack.

TERMS:—The Post will be furnished to subscribers at the following rates:
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Poet's Corner.



For the Lebanon Post. I Love to Think of Thee.

I love to think of thee,
Yes, at the calm and holy eve,
When, one by one the happy angels
Light up the dancing lamps of heaven,
And roll back the mystic veil of blue,
While Luna bows a welcome o'er the hills,
And clothes old earth with silvery garb—
When the very breeze comes softly laden
With odors from the mountain flowers—
When no sounds save the hollow winds
Or the hushman's shrill cry
Break on the moonlit solitude;
Oh then I love to think of thee.

To think of thee?
Ay, it were a very part of heaven.
Thy dear and blessed name is stamped
On each sweet flower and trembling leaf
That hangs about my habitation.
Each happy bird that wakes its music
In the matted folds of yonder vine,
Sings thy dear name to me.
Each drop of dew that nestles on the flowers,
In all its purity tells of thee.
Yon floating clouds, which that rare
The rainbow's gaily pencillings—
Yes, the crimson bow itself doth bear
A sparkling thought of thee.

And this is why
They seem so pure—thy soul is pure,
And in the mild heaven of thy heart
I read thy heart's devotion.
Thou art here with me this very night—
Thy gentle hand is clasped in mine,
And thy dear eye upturns so lovingly—
Those red lips hang with sunny smiles
Whisper hope to my wildly beating heart,
And I indeed am more than blest.

With thee,
Dear, gentle spirit I could live,
Ay, though this life were a very desert,
When no unspiring streamlet glides,
No sunshine on the flowery hills,
No wild bird music in the groves,
No light save that which ever burns
Far down thy gentle lustrous eyes
To woo and light my happy way.

Far thee, well—
The sun runs down behind the west
And backward flings the twilight soft
And on its wing to thee I send
My last, my long—adieu!

HENRIE

Communicated.

For the Lebanon Post.

MR. EDITOR:

Having seen in your paper the proceedings of what is termed the "ugly club," which has attracted the notice of the public, it becomes necessary to inform the public where that club has its existence, and its organization; the honorable Secretary, who imagines himself a man of great capacity as a writer and a politician, has organized in his imagination the club of which he styles himself the secretary, for the purpose of pouring forth his long pent up malice against others, and aims to pass it off as wit, of which the public can judge.

Shortly after the gentleman (as for the present I shall use that term) after the game was run down by others, obtained a seat in the Senate, he was riding along where he was not known; he met a man who bore his horse to the other side of the road, and seemed anxious to avoid him, which was observed by the gentleman. "Why sir, you seem to wish to avoid me, I am the Senator from—"

"Ask your pardon, sir, I thought you was a robber, and if you are not be so kind as to take in your countenance, as I was shunning you on that account."

Ever since that event the gentleman has been endeavoring to get up an association for his own safety and protection; and has formed in his own cranium the club called the "ugly club."

Whether those gentlemen, whose names he has used as members in connection with his own ascent to the association he best knows. The same gentleman tried his hand at poetry, in a publication that appeared which the gentleman held an honorable position, and if its objects had been outside of his own household it might have done well enough. The publication caused a good deal of mirth; some said he was crazy; others said he never had any sense, whilst the more thinking said he had been a country school-master, and therefore was inexcusable to all except the lady to whom it was dedicated. What the gentleman can think of himself can be best imagined by the way he writes, or attempts to write, and if it is his hope to write himself to Congress, and get there by the aid of the club of his imagination, I think he will be mistaken, and find himself on board of the ill-fated vessel that he imagined bore the Hon. Jas. W. Stone to Liberia; and he himself will be colonized on the desert of public opinion, notwithstanding all his efforts to escape.

I would advise him instead of pointing out the defects in others, to betake himself to a more humane course, as he would have the public believe he is a humane man; or of the human species. As I am informed a member of the church that be

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NO. 47.

Select Tales.

SOMETHING FOR A COLD.

"Henry," said Mr. Green to his little son Henry, a lad in his eighth year, "I want you to go to the store for me."

Mr. Green was a working-man, who lived in a comfortable cottage, which he had built from money earned by honest industry. He was, moreover, a sober, kind-hearted man, well liked by all his neighbors, and beloved by his own family.

"I'm ready, father," said Henry, who left his play, and went to look for his cap, the moment he was asked to go on an errand.

"Look in the cupboard, and get me the pint flask. It's on the lower shelf," Henry did as desired, and then asked—"What shall I get, father?"

"Tell Mr. Brady to send me a pint of good Irish whiskey."

The boy tipped lightly away singing as he went. He was always pleased to do any errand for his father.

"This cold of mine gets worse," remarked Mr. Green to his wife, as Henry left the house. "I believe I'll try old Mr. Van Duesen's remedy—a bowl of hot whiskey-punch. He says it always cures him; it throws him into a free perspiration, and the next morning he feels as clear as a bell."

"It is not always good," remarked Mrs. Green, "to have the pores open. We are more liable to take cold."

"Very true. It is necessary to be careful how we expose ourselves afterwards."

"I think I could make you some herb-tea, that would do as much good as the whiskey-punch," said Mrs. Green.

"Perhaps you could," returned her husband, "but I don't like your bitter stuff. It never was to my fancy."

Mrs. Green smiled, and said no more. A few moments afterwards, the door opened, and Henry came in, looking pale and frightened.

"Oh, father!" he cried, panting, Mr. Brooks is killing Margaret!"

"What?" Mr. Green started to his feet. "Oh!" exclaimed the child, "he's killing her! he's killing her! I saw him strike her on the head with his fist!" And tears rolled over the boy's cheeks.

Knowing Brooks to be a violent man when intoxicated, Mr. Green lost not a moment in hesitation or reflection, but left his house hurriedly, and ran to the dwelling of his neighbor, which was near at hand. On entering the house a sad scene presented itself. The oldest daughter of Brooks, a girl in her seventeenth year, was lying upon a bed, insensible, while a large bruised and bloody spot on the side of her face showed where the iron fist of her brutal father had done its fearful if not fatal work. Her mother bent over her, weeping; while two little girls were shrinking with frightened looks in a corner of the room.

Mr. Green looked around for the wretched man, who, in the insanity of drunkenness, had done this dreadful deed but he was not to be seen.

"Where is Mr. Brooks?" he asked.

"He is gone for the doctor," was replied.

And in a few minutes he came in with a physician. He was partially sobered, and his countenance had a troubled expression. His eyes shrank beneath the steady, rebuking gaze of his neighbors.

"Did you say your daughter had fallen down stairs?" said the doctor, as he leaned over Margaret, and examined the dreadful bruise on her cheek.

"Yes—yes," stammered the guilty father, adding this falsehood to the evil act.

"Had the injury been a few inches farther up, she would ere this breathe her last," said the doctor—looking steadily at Brooks, until the eyes of the latter sunk to the floor.

Just then there were sighs of returning life in the poor girl, and the doctor turned towards her all his attention. In a little while she began to moan, and move her arms about, and soon opened her eyes.

After she was fully restored to consciousness life, Mr. Green returned to his home where he was met with eager questions from his wife. After describing all he had seen, he made this remark—

"There are few better men than Thomas Brooks when he is sober; but when he is drunk he acts like a demon."

"He must be a demon to strike with his hard fist, a delicate creature like his daughter Margaret. And she is so good a girl. Ah, me! to what dreadful consequences does this drinking lead!"

"It takes away a man's reason," said Mr. Green, "and when this is gone, he becomes the passive subject of evil influences. He is, in fact, no longer a man."

Mrs. Green sighed deeply.

"His poor wife!" she murmured; "how my heart aches for her, and his poor children! If the husband and father changes, from a guardian and provider for his family, into their brutal assailant, to whom can they look for protection? Oh, it is sad! sad!"

"It is dreadful! dreadful!" said Mr. Green. "It is only a few years ago," he added, "since Brooks began to show that he was drinking too freely. He always liked his glass, but he knew how to con-

trol himself, and never drowned his reason in his cups. Of late, however, he seems to have lost all control over himself. I never saw a man abandon himself so suddenly."

"All effects of this kind can be traced back to very small beginnings," remarked Mrs. Green.

"Yes. A man does not become a drunkard in a day. The habit is one of very gradual formation."

"But when once formed," said Mrs. Green, "hardly any power seems strong enough to break it. It clings to a man as if it were part of himself."

"And we might almost say that it was a part of himself," replied Mr. Green; "for whatever we do from a confirmed habit, fixes in the mind an inclination thereto, that carries us away as a vessel is borne upon the current of a river."

"How careful, then, should every one be, not to put himself in the way of forming so dangerous a habit. Well do I remember when Mr. Brooks was married. A more promising young man could not be found—nor one with a kinder heart. The last evil I feared for him and his gentle wife was that of drunkenness. Alas! that this calamity should have fallen upon their household—What evil, short of crime, is greater than this?"

"It is so hopeless," remarked Mr. Green. "I have talked with Brooks a good many times, but it has done no good. He promises amendment, but does not keep his promise a day."

"Touch not, taste not, handle not. This is the only safe rule," said Mrs. Green.

"Yes, I believe it," returned her husband. "The man who never drinks is in no danger of becoming a drunkard."

For some time, Mr. and Mrs. Green continued to converse about the sad incident which had just transpired in the family of their neighbor, while their little son upon whose mind the fearful sight he had witnessed, was still painfully vivid, sat and listened to all they were saying, with a clear comprehension of the meaning of the whole.

After awhile the subject was dropped. There had been a silence for some minutes when the attention of Mr. Green was again called to certain unpleasant bodily sensations, and he said—

"I declare this cold of mine is very bad. I must do something to break it before it gets worse. Henry did you get that Irish whiskey I sent for?"

"No, sir," replied the child, "I was so frightened when I saw Mr. Brooks strike Margaret, that I ran back."

"Oh, well, I don't wonder! It was dreadful. Mr. Brooks was very wicked to do so. But take the flask and run over to the store. Tell Brady I want a pint of good Irish whiskey."

Henry turned from his father, and went to the table on which he had placed the flask. He did not move with his usual alacrity.

"It was whiskey, wasn't it," said the child, as he took the bottle in his hand, "that made Mr. Brooks strike Margaret?"

And he looked so earnestly into his father's face, and with so strange an expression, that the man felt disturbed, while he yet wondered at the manner of the lad.

"Yes," replied Mr. Green, "it was the whiskey. Mr. Brooks, if he had been sober, would not have hurt a hair of her head."

Henry looked at the bottle, then at his father, in so strange a way, that Mr. Green, who did not at first comprehend what was in the child's thoughts, wondered still more. All was soon understood, for Henry, bursting into tears, laid down the flask, and throwing his arms around his father's neck, said—

"Oh, father! don't get any whiskey!"

Mr. Green deeply touched by the incident, hugged his boy tightly to his bosom. He said—

"I only wanted it for medicine dear. But never mind. I won't let such dangerous stuff come into my house. Mother shall make me some of her herb-tea, and that will do as well."

Henry looked up, after a while, timidly. "You're not angry with me, father?" came from his innocent lips.

"Oh, no, my child! Why should I be angry?" replied Mr. Green, kissing the cheek of his boy. Then the sunshine came back again to Henry's heart, and he was happy as before.

Mrs. Green made the herb-tea for her husband, and it proved quite as good for him as the whiskey-punch. A glass or two of cold water, on going to bed, would probably have been of more real advantage in the case, than either of these doubtful remedies.

T. S. A.

The kind of Boys they raise on Long Island.

The celebrated H. W. Beecher spent a Sunday at Greenport, not long since, and of course preached a sermon. Returning from church, he passed a number of specimens of 'Young America,' amusing themselves with a game of marbles, rather intimately mixed with fancy swearing.

"My boy," said the Rev., to an interesting youth of about eight years, "My boy, I am frightened."

"Are you?" answers button, quite naively, "Why the d— I don't you run then?"

A PATCH ON BOTH KNEES.

When I was a boy, it was my fortune to breathe for a long time, what some writers term "the bracing air of poverty." My mother—light lie the turf upon the form which once inclosed her sweet and gentle spirit—was what is called an ambitious woman; for that quality which overturns thrones and supplants dynasties finds a legitimate sphere in the humblest abode that the shadow of poverty ever darkened. The struggles between the wish to keep up appearances and the pinching gripe of necessity, produced endless shifts and contrivances, at which if told, some would smile, and some, to whom they would teach their own experience, would sigh. But let me not disturb the veil of oblivion which shrouds from profane eyes to the mysteries of poverty.

On one occasion it was necessary to send me on an errand to a neighbor of better circumstances than ourselves, and therefore it was desirable that I should be presented in the best possible aspect. Great pains were accordingly taken to give a smart appearance to my patched and delapidated wardrobe, and conceal the rents and chasms which the envious tooth of time had made in it; and by way of throwing over my equipment a savor and sprinkling of gentility my red and toll-hardened hands were inclosed in the unfamiliar casing of a pair of gloves, which had belonged to my mother in days when her years were fewer and her heart was lighter.

I sallied forth on my errand, and on my way encountered a much older and bigger boy, who evidently belonged to a family which had all our own dragging poverty, and none of our uprisings wealth of spirit. His rage fairly fluttered in the breeze; his hat was constructed upon the most approved principles of ventilation; and his shoes from their valuable antiquity, might be deemed a pair of fossil shoes—the very ones in which Shem shuffled into the ark. He was an impudent varlet, which a dare devil swagger in his gait and an "I'm as good as you" leer in his eyes; the very whelp to throw dirt at a well-dressed horseman, because he was dressed, at a boy's ruffles, because he was clean. As soon as he saw me his eyes detected the practical inconsistencies which characterized my costume, and taking me by the shoulder, turning me round with no gentle hand, and surveying me from head to foot, he exclaimed with a scornful laugh of derision, "A patch on both knees and gloves on!"

I still recall the sting of wounded feeling which shot through me at those words. To parody a celebrated line by the immortal Tuscan,

"That day I wore my gloves no more."

But the lesson, so rudely enforced sank deep into my mind; and in after life I have had frequent occasion to make a practical application to the words of my ragged friend, when I have observed the ridiculous inconsistencies which so often mark the conduct of mankind.

When, for instance, I see parents carefully providing for the education of their children, furnishing them with teachers of music, dancing and drawing, but giving no thought to that moral and religious training from which the true dignity and permanent happiness of life can come; never teaching them habits of self-sacrifice and self-discipline, and control, but rather by example, instructing them in evil speaking, in uncharitableness, in envy and in falsehood, I think with a sigh of the patch on both knees and gloves on.

When I see a family in cold, selfish solitude, not habitually warming their house with a glow of happy faces, but lavishing that which could furnish the hospitality of a whole year upon the profusion of a single night, I think of the patch on both knees and gloves on.

When I see a house profusely furnished with sumptuous furniture, rich curtains, and luxurious carpets, but with no books, or none but a few tawdry annuals, I am reminded of the patch on both knees and gloves on.

When I see our public men cultivating exclusively those qualities which win a way to office, and neglecting those which will qualify them to fill honorable the post to which they aspire, I recall the patch on both knees and gloves on.

When I see men sacrificing peace of mind and health of body to the insane pursuit of wealth, living in ignorance of the character of the children who are growing up around them, cutting themselves off from the highest and purest pleasures of nature, and so perverting their humanity that that which was sought as a means insensibly comes to be followed as an end, I say to myself, "A patch on both knees and gloves on."

Physicians in India raise blisters with red-hot irons and dress them with cayenne pepper. If such treatment don't make a man 'smart,' we don't know anything that will. One of the favorable cathartics is made of pills of gunpowder—twelve to a dose—a minute after they are down, a coal of fire is administered, when a movement of the particle takes place, that either eradicates the disease or the invalid commonly the latter.

Terms of Advertising.

For 12 lines of text per week, 75¢
For each subsequent insertion, 15¢
For half column 5 months, 64¢
" " 12 months, 100¢
For whole column 6 months, 150¢
" " 12 months, 250¢

A liberal deduction made for yearly advertisements. When the number of times for continuing an advertisement is not specified, it will be continued until ordered out and charged accordingly.

Dodging a Dun.

Some know how to do it, and can scent a dun at any distance, and can dodge him effectively. It is a knack acquired by long experience. If a dun, however, by his experience becomes expert, the dunce stands a small chance of escape. The dun becomes equally sensitive in detecting the debtor, and a ten are practical between the two, maneuvers that would pale the reputation of even Napoleon himself.

We heard a story the other day, of old Dr. G—, of Portsmouth, which, though not having any very great relevancy to the preceding paragraph, is nevertheless to the point as regards the dodging. For there is a wide difference between the amateur and the professional.

Dr. G— was a man of great integrity and worth, and his business habits were on the square—exact in everything that was his own, and paying every man his due. He held a note against a gentleman of Hampton for some considerable amount and whenever he met him, the Doctor was ready, note in hand, for the payment of the instalment. It became at last an agonizing dread with the debtor, about meeting the Doctor, particularly at a time when troubled with a disease known in financial parlance as "shorts." But whenever he met him, the Doctor's dun would be anticipated by his debtor's movement for his pocket book and frequent payment were made without seeing the note at all, or inquiring as to the chances of its eventual payment. He knew that the Doctor was honest, and that it would be all right, and several payments were thus blindly made.

A great dearth of funds made him more shy of meeting the Doctor, and as he passed through the town his eyes wandered in all directions to catch a glimpse of his dread creditor, and avoid him if possible. He succeeded admirably for a while, and out-generated the old man several times; but fate does not always favor the brave, and the Doctor, from a distant position, saw his victim tie his horse to a post, and enter the store. He made all the haste he could, and entered the store when his debtor dodged behind a rice cask.

"Didn't I see Mr. — come in here?" asked the Doctor.

"He did come in here, sir," said the shopkeeper, "but has gone somewhere now."

The Doctor said he was not in a hurry and could wait as well as not; he saw his horse at the door, and thought he would be back before long. The man remained hid, and the old Doctor waited a long time. At last he went out, to the man's great relief, and after awhile he himself went out, and was just stepping upon his wagon, when the Doctor darted at him from a doorway.

"Well, Mr. —," said the Doctor, "you needn't dodge me any more; that note has been paid up this six months, and I have been trying to see you, that I might pay you back twenty dollars that you overpaid me."

The recollection of hiding behind a rice cask to avoid being paid twenty dollars, haunted the man as long as he lived, and among other advice which he gave his children was this, contained in a couplet of domestic poetry, written in chalk on the old dresser:

"Never run
When you see a dun."

[Carpet Bag.]

CONSEQUENCE OF LOVING A LOVER.—For some days past a very melancholy female has been seen wandering about the wharves of the Third District presenting a most mournful and disconsolate appearance. She wept constantly and a peculiarly spotted handkerchief which she had in her hand was constantly moistened with her tears. Poor creature! her melancholy appeared to be a rooted sorrow of the heart which admitted of no amelioration, and unfeeling would be the wretch of the gender masculine who would not extend to her the meed of pity. An officer of the Third District observed the weeping maid, and fearing that she meditated a suicidal plunge into the bosom of the Mrs. Shippi, arrested her and took her before Recorder Sezenneau.

The worthy Recorder informed the disconsolate one that suicide was very wicked, and asked her why she wanted to drown herself. A smile came over the sad face of the maiden when she replied, that she was a female, a lover, with all the warm and endearing instincts of her sex; that the object of her affections had gone up the river, and that her only reason for visiting the wharves were, that she might look on the course taken by the steamer on which her lover departed, weep for his absence and pray, for his speedy return, but as for her drowning herself—said she with emphasis—"don't think I'm such a damned fool as to do that!"

The Recorder told the maiden that she might go.—N. O. True Delle.

If you have one good trait—his virtue, though ever so small or insignificant, watch over it well, lest, like the snowflake that falls upon the bosom of the great deep, it may be dissolved and forever lost in the waves of the vast sea of iniquity.

THE POST,

LEBANON, KY.,
Wednesday Morning, Mar. 30, 1853

We are requested to state that the books of the Nashville and Cincinnati Railroad Company are at Mr. J. W. Chandler's store, where subscription of stock will be received. Any information which may be desired, may be had by applying at the same place.

On Monday evening Mr. Sampson addressed the people on the subject of a Railroad from Nashville to Lexington, through Marion county. We did not get to hear it, and are very sorry we did not; for we could have gained some knowledge of the project.

We have on hand a supply of the "Life, Confession and trial of Phillip T. Murphy," who was executed in Campbellsville in the Fall of 1851. Come and purchase, it is well worth the price. Mr. H. Johnston also has them for sale at his Tin shop.

Remember the meeting to be held in this place on next Saturday.

We have received the April number of *Graham's Magazine*; it is a fine number as usual.

The April number of *Godey's Lady's Book* lies before us. It is replete with fine things—both literary and artistic.

Circuit Court is in session in this place at the present tribune. The criminal cases of which we hear are a man for stealing a pair of boots, and Sterling on a charge of bigamy.

Sterling, who was up upon the charge of bigamy, was cleared on yesterday (Tuesday) by the case being thrown out of court.

SHIP BURNED AT SEA.—The clipper ship *Golden Light*, which left New York for California, was some time since struck with lightning, and all hands took to boats in all 35 persons. The ship was shortly enveloped in flames and burned to the water's edge. The boats, five in number, were abundantly supplied with provisions and water. One of them was missing on the morning of the 24th, and another parted company on the fourth night. After three days the *Shand*, from Calcutta picked them all up but fifteen, who were probably lost, and took them into New York on the 21st.

EXTRAVAGANT.—At one of the New York city hotels, a merchant doing business in that city has rooms for which he pays \$480 a week! His family consists of five persons.

AFFECTING CALAMITY.—The Peoria, Ill., Republican states that a gentleman who had been for some time paying his addresses to a young lady asked her hand in marriage which was refused. He pleaded for some time after, and declared if she still resisted his suit he would commit suicide. She informed him such an alternative would not influence her in the least. At this he loaded a gun and standing in front of the house, placed the muzzle in his mouth, and with his toe pulled the trigger. The discharge tore away his left cheek, and horribly mutilated his whole head and face, but did not kill him, though his recovery was considered impossible. The lady stood in the door and witnessed the whole of the terrible transaction.

SHOOTING AFFRAY.—At Nashville, on Sunday, Elijah Rutland shot John Kearn the ball entering just below the lungs. Rutland was arrested.

JAIL SOLD.—On Saturday last the jail in Harrison county was sold for \$75 25.

FIRE IN CARROLLTON.—The house of John Patience, a free man of color, in Carrollton, Ky., took fire on Friday night last, and was entirely consumed, with all its contents. A boy seven or eight years old was burned to death. The man was burned slightly and his wife seriously. Some \$70 or \$80, in gold and silver, was melted in the burning house, some of which has been picked up from the ashes.

THREE PERSONS BURNED TO DEATH.—On Tuesday night the first inst., the house of Mr. Stogner, living in Richmond county, N. C., was consumed by fire, together with Mr. Stogner, his wife and their children. The house was a flog cabin, with two doors, and when discovered was falling in. The remains of the unfortunate family were found lying together after the house was consumed.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Reported for the Louisville Courier.

ARRIVAL OF THE
ATLANTIC.

NEW YORK, March 22.

The Atlantic arrived this morning at 6 o'clock.

The Niagara arrived out on the 8th. The confiscations in Bombay had begun.

The Russian Envoy had arrived at Constantinople.

There is a report that Mazzini escaped on board of an English frigate at Genoa.

In the House of Commons allusion was made to Mr. Everett's letter to the President of the United States, on the subject of the ship canal across the Isthmus, and asked whether the Government had received any intimation on the subject, and if so, whether it was prepared to state its views.

Lord John Russell replied, stating that recent intelligence induced the Government to think that the Convention concluded with the United States would not answer the purpose of the projectors of that canal, they having changed the scheme from a canal admitting the largest sized vessels to one admitting only coasters.

The Government had therefore communicated to the United States on the subject, declaring that the object originally contemplated would be frustrated, and that another plan had been proposed, of which the Government thought favorably, and would be very glad if the American Government would concur.

The Government proposed to establish a mint in Australia.

Parliament will be prorogued on the 8th.

The steamer *Thomas* arrived on the 6th from West India, with the Pacific mails and nearly a million in specie.The ship *Eliza Boncount*, of New Orleans, has been wrecked.

The trade returns to the 5th of February show an increase of exportations over last year of nearly two million and a half pounds sterling.

The Cunard steamer, cousin of the Emperor, committed suicide at Paris on the 4th.

A tradesman of Paris was arrested, charged by a dying woman, with shooting the Archbishop of Paris during the revolution of 1848.

Spain.—Rosas has been elected President of the Chamber of Deputies.

Portugal.—The Northern Provinces were visited with an immense fall of snow. Many of the carriers perished. Malres were driven from the mountains, and were prowling about the villages. The weather at Lisbon was unusually cold, and much sickness prevailed.

The Emperor of Austria has nearly recovered from his wound.

Provost, the conspirator, was led to Pesh in chains. The object of the conspirators was to deliver the parties into the hands of the Magyars. Five hundred arrests were made at Pesh.

The Rothschild's have taken the Sardinian loan.

Mozzini has published two letters, and have produced a disunion in the Democratic Court.

The U. S. frigates *Cumberland* and *St. Louis* had arrived at Geneva.

The Roman States are generally quiet. Among the Eight new Cardinals five are Italians. The Hungarians and Poles serving in the Turkish armies are to be dismissed, and the Porte withdraws his troops from Montenegro and pays 4,000,000 piastres to the Austrian subjects.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMSHIP
ASIA.

NEW YORK, March 25 P. M.

The Asia arrived at 6 o'clock. She brings 56 passengers. She met the Washington off Cowes on the 12th. The Andes put back.

The Jewish disabilities bill was read the second time.

The mail steamer brings news from South America to February, but there is nothing of importance.

The French news is very dull. Some political arrests were made at Nuremberg and elsewhere in Germany.

Sweden is excited respecting Austrian insolence towards Tessius Lombard. The emigrants have sought protection of the Piedmontese Government, which has protected to the Vienna.

Preparations are going on for the execution at Pesh of Chas. Juof, Kossuth's tutor, Samuel Anders, Chas. Sarkosy, and Caser Naselophy; at Mantua, Grozele, Abbot of Revere, aged 70. M. Spey of Buxia, and Count Mantarana of Vienna were also to be hanged on the 3d instant. Twenty-five others were likewise condemned to death.

Kieck and Sutoriana are secured to Austria by the Porte.

The Queens of England, Spain, Portugal and Greece, are said to be eniente.

It is definitely settled that the Pope will go to Paris to crown Napoleon in May.

The ship *Thomas Henry* arrived from Melbourne with £300,000 in gold.

By a telegraphic despatch at Paris, from Naples, we learn that an attempt was made upon the life of King Fernando.

The Journal *Illeto Papulo* states a gun was fired at the King of Naples, who was severely wounded, the charge taking effect in the leg. His surgeon thought amputation inevitable. The Daily News says the report needs confirmation, but asserts that there had been several collisions between the people and soldiers.

The English continental markets were dull.

Two more members of Parliament.

Messrs. Heyworth and Horsfall, of Derby, are unseated on account of bribery.

Four men were killed by the explosion of a locomotive near Manchester.

Com. Lynch of the American navy, had arrived on the coast of Africa, joined the ship *John Adams*, and proceeded to the coast of France.

A squadron of six steamers was about proceeding to punish the Bigoa tribe, who had plundered several French vessels, and had butchered the crews.

The British Admiral destroyed several settlements of the tribe.

France.—It is reported that the coronation will take place next month. A French consulate is to be established in the Bourse.

Turkey.—M. De Johns is about to embark for America.

Germany.—Great military precautions are taken at Nuremberg and Minich.

There has been a great many political arrests at Pesh, and there is great excitement.

The Emperor of Austria has entirely accorded and has bestowed a pension on the martyr of the Assia.

From Cardenas.

CARDENAS, March, 10.

From Cardenas, we have advices to the 10th inst., at which time everything was quiet and orderly. Business had greatly improved, and the town, which was nearly destroyed by fire recently, is being built with great rapidity by merchants and capitalists, and will be far superior in appearance than formerly, from the beauty and strength of the buildings.

The Governor issued a proclamation prohibiting the erection of wooden houses—all shall be composed of brick or stone. Building materials are high and in great request.

The crop was coming in slowly from the interior, owing to much rain and cold northerly winds. The brigs *Alpine* and *Financier*, of Portland, were sold. Weather fine.—*New York Express*.**Important from Central America****The British Attack on Honduras.**

The subjoined extract from a letter addressed to the New Orleans True Delta, appears to have been the ground of the late telegraphic despatch relative to alleged British aggressions in Honduras.

Advices from Port Royal to the 4th of March state that the British steamer *Devastation* had arrived at Port Royal from the Bahamas, and made no report of the difficulties at Truxillo, in which she is represented to have taken so prominent a part.

BELIZE, HONDURAS, Feb. 24, 1853.

In my last I informed you that the authorities of the State of Honduras had taken possession of "Limas." I have now to inform you that her Majesty's war steamer "Devastation" came down here, and after having taken on board the Superintendent and his secretary, proceeded to the town of "Truxillo," where they finally offered to the Government of that town, for the State of Honduras, as an ultimatum, that they must decide in two hours either to give up the territory to the parties from whom they had taken it, or to stand the consequences; which was supposed by the Hondurans to be hot shells and cannon balls. So they decided to give up to the superior force, at the same time they solemnly protested against the conduct of her Majesty's Superintendent, the officers of the *Devastation*, and the Government of England, asserting their inalienable right to the country, and declaring that they only gave up to superior force under compulsion; they only promised not to interfere with British subjects because they were not able to drive them away; and, finally, appealed to Almighty God to witness the outrage, and punish the nation which thus at the mouth of her cannon, despoiled them of their territory.

I will also inform you that the original right to cut mahogany in that part of the country was granted by the State of Honduras to Archibald Montgomery, and during the time which he used the privilege he always acknowledged that right and paid that State for the trees; entered and cleared his vessels at Truxillo, and in every way complied with the laws and requirements of the State of Honduras.

In 1848, Mr. Montgomery sold his entire interest in Honduras to John Carmichael & Co., who established a house here under the name and firm of Anto, Mather & Co. For a time that house also complied with the laws of Honduras; but finally they made a much better bargain with the "King of the Mosquitoes," and hoisted his flag, refused to pay Honduras for the mahogany trees, to enter or clear their vessels at Truxillo; and in a word, entirely repudiated Honduras.—These are the true facts of the case.

As Honduras is a part of Central America, you will easily see that England means to treat the Bulwer and Clayton Treaty as so much useless parchment. Nor is this all; that entire country will assuredly fall into the hands of Great Britain, unless the United States interfere, and demand and insist on a faithful observance of that treaty.

THE GREAT BORER AND BORE.—The plan of making a railroad through Hoosic Mountain is by no means given by the Yankees. The machine cut into the rock the width of the cutters (twelve inches) a circle of twenty four feet at the rate of upwards of 17 inches per hour, and when at the highest speed cut through 4½ inches of rock in 15 minutes. The Company are desirous of obtaining from the Legislature aid in the sum of \$2,000,000 for the purpose of continuing the work to completion. They ask it as a loan to be paid at some future time.

L. C. COLE.

For the Lebanon Post.

Down on Peasantry—Widowers, &c.

After reading the article of "A Peasant" we became so enamored with the beauty of his subject, "Old Bachelors vs. Good Men," that we could not think of letting him pass by unheeded and unnoticed. He, it appears gets after us with a "sharp stick," and calls us dross, and says we are neither fit for hell or heaven, not being able to appreciate a joy or feel a pain; and by so doing we suppose he calculated to ring himself into the good graces of some fair daughter of "mother Eve," for to be protected by them, (instead of being their protector) in his dotage. Now if such be the motive of "A Peasant" all we have to say is, just let yourself loose "old hoss," and go it, not while you are young, but while you can.

"For there ne'er was yet a oose so gray
But could find itself a mate."

As for our part we do not feel hurt in the least over "A Peasant," calling us "dross;" satire of this kind falls harmless on our feet, as does the darts of "cupid."

If we prefer a life of single blessedness to being smothered with kind words and mock semile by a "worse half," before folks, and curtain lectured when by ourselves, we do not see any good reason why "A Peasant" should attempt to blackguard us out of our peaceful path.

If he has been so unfortunate as to have had the "silken band of hymen" cast around his neck and it has not proved so light as he expected to find it, he should not vent his spite out on us. For he surely knows from the little experience he had while "treading our path of ease and peace" that we are not of that class of persons to be thrown from our equilibrium by the harmless epithets of A Peasant or the bewitching smiles of some fair damsel. Now in conclusion we beg leave to say, that the next time you ransack that cracked gourd of yours for a subject to bore the readers of the Post with—

"Spare us thy vengeance!
In quiet let us live;
We ask no kindness at your hand
For y u have none to give."

A BACHELOR.

W. W. JACK—Will you be so good as to insert in your paper the short article you will find enclosed signed many voters:

To Thomas Grundy, Esq'r.

Sir:—Many of the voters of our county are desirous that you should permit your name to be presented to the people of this county and Washington as a suitable man to represent this District in the Senate of Kentucky the next term; and we pledge you our most hearty support. Marion will come up right as Washington doubtless.

MANY VOTERS OF MARION.

DAYS OF GRACE.—In the Massachusetts Legislature, a bill concerning days of grace on commercial paper, providing that when a note falls due on Christmas Day, it shall be payable on the previous day, has past to be engrossed in the Senate. The Judiciary Committee in the House have reported a new draft, providing that all notes becoming due on Sunday, or any holiday on which the banks are closed, shall be payable on the succeeding day, instead of the preceding day. The bill was ordered to a third reading and stands as amended as follows:

Be it enacted, &c., Sec. 1. In all cases where bills of exchange, drafts, or promissory notes become due and payable on Sunday, or the annual Thanksgiving or fast days, or on the 4th of July, or on Christmas Day, or any other holidays on which the banks of this Commonwealth are by custom closed, the same shall be payable on the legal day next succeeding such days.

Sec. 2. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

"We understand that a rumor was circulated in town on Monday last, that the branch of the Southern Bank, located at Owensboro, was broken into and robbed of all the money. As no official information has been received of such a thing by the mother Bank at this place, we presume the rumor is without foundation. We hope so at least.

We give the above as we find it, but we presume there is no truth in the rumor.

SUCCESS IN ADVERTISING.—We are informed that Burnett, of No. 14 east Fourth street, Cincinnati, for whom our esteemed friend John Gill, Main street, between Fourth and Fifth, is agent, that on the first of January he commenced advertising and selling a "Dyspepsia Medicine," used by his uncle (Dr. Halstead), in his practice for over 20 years, and in less than three months, twelve hundred boxes of that valuable medicine, have been retailed in this city alone, for \$600; and better than all the amount spent in advertising has been less than \$60. This fact should convince every reasonable person that judicious advertising is the key to riches.

L. C. DEMOCRAT.

"LOCOMOTIVE TELEGRAPH."—New Invention.—A Telegrapher, named W. D. Weston, at Chillicothe, O., advertises for a partner, with capital to invest on terms, in testing the applicability of all Electric Telegraphs to the use of Railroad trains and other vehicles running at high speeds. He claims to have invented and successfully demonstrated with a rude model in miniature, the practicability of Trains in motion at a low speed, being able to maintain constant telegraphic intercommunication with one another and with stationary offices on the same line. Any person wishing to engage in such an enterprise is invited to address the inventor to that effect.—*Ohio Gazette*.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—On Sunday the 14th inst., three persons were drowned in attempting to cross French Creek, about one mile from Franklin, Pa., Venango county. A party consisting of Mr. Parker, Mrs. Elizabeth Gibson, Miss Mary Ann Stalker, William Stanford, Samuel Evans, and James Black, returning from Church, attempting to cross a creek in a flat; when about midway of the stream, the flat commenced sinking and the whole number were precipitated into the water, and Mr. Dodd and the two ladies were drowned.—*Lou. Cour.*

—Eighty thousand bales of cotton were sold in New Orleans during the week ending the 12th instant—the greatest quantity ever sold in the same time in that city.

—Jack Hayes, as Surveyor-General of California, will enjoy a \$4 000 salary and have clerk hire and contingencies in proportion.

—A correspondent of the Boston Atlas says that the vote given for the prohibitory liquor law in Vermont, was owing in a great degree to the infamous quality of liquors sold in that State.

—We understand that Gov. Morehead, of Covington, Ky., will prosecute the brothers Kelly, for the murder of Gardiner and Miller, on a flat boat.

—The Wheeling papers say there is no truth whatever in the report unfavorable to the credit of the Merchants' and Mechanics' Bank of Wheeling, which was put in circulation at Steubenville, a few days ago. All the Banks at Wheeling are said to be sound, and their stock above par.

AWFUL DEVELOPMENTS.—The Cleveland Forest City hints that the lovers of romantic curiosities in that lake region are about to have a rich morsel in the shape of a suit in court, brought by one of the most fashionable, beautiful and accomplished young ladies of Cleveland, to recover gold, silver and bank-rag damages from a gentleman of similar social position, who, after wooing, winning and enjoying her young affections, broke off from matrimonial engagements in the most aggravating manner, leaving the poor lady inconsolable.—*Lou. Cour.*

A SLAVER OR PIRATE.—The schooner *S. Morris* Wain, from Pernambuco, arrived at Philadelphia, reports that on January 10th she was brought too by a black topsail schooner, and boarded by a boat's crew armed with pistols and dirks. The vessel appeared to be a Spanish slave-bound to the coast of Africa for slaves.

They took a new jib, beef, potatoes, hams, wine, canvass, &c., and were going take the S. H. W.'s, foretopmast down to make a maintopmast of, but two brigs heaving in sight caused them to leave.

We understand that arrangements have been made with some of the eastern railroad companies, by which persons from this city can visit the World's Fair at New York for the moderate sum of \$3 50.

L. C. COUR.

—James Tweedle, who killed his father last December while asleep in his hut on President's Island, near Memphis, Tenn., by striking him in the head with an axe-handle, has been tried and acquitted. Oil shocking.

—On Monday there were twelve vessels at New York to leave for Australia.

—There is a pearl in the possession of Mr. Plise, at Panama, obtained from the Pearl Islands, and supposed to be the most perfect in the world. It weighs 156 grains; is much the shape of an egg, without a single flaw, and is valued at \$5,000.

—There was an auction sale at Mr. Webster's furniture and personal effects at Washington on the 18th.

—A young gentleman from Madison while travelling on the Baltimore was robbed of his purse and \$225 in gold.

MARRIAGE ON A STEAMBOAT.—During the last trip of the Pittsburgh from Cincinnati to Pittsburgh, the Rev. John Grant married T. H. Powell, of Lancaster county, Pa., to Miss Priscilla Moore, of Ohio.

LOUISVILLE MARKET.

March 28, 1853.

No material changes in the markets this week; business has been of a quiet character, and transactions limited chiefly to the regular demand of consumers.

FLOUR AND GRAIN.—We quote sales of Indiana Flour 175 bbl. mixed lots at \$3 65@3 80. Extra brands \$4. Wheat we quote at 65@70c. Ear Corn 40@42c; shelled Corn 43@45c. Oats 32@35c.

GROCERIES.—Dull, with sales of 175 bags Rio Coffee at 9½c. Small sales of Sugar at 4½ to 5½c. as to quality.

Plantation Molasses 49@30c.

PROVISIONS.—Sales of 325 bbls. Mess Pork at \$14 50@14 75 in lots. Bacon from the country, 6c. for shoulders and 8½@9c. for hams.

WHISKY.—Sales at the wharf this morning of 221 bbls. of raw at 18½@18¾.

TOBACCO.—The market is about the same as heretofore, but most of the tobacco offering is of an inferior quality, with sales Saturday of 74 bbls. at prices ranging from 35 60 to 41 70.

New Advertisements.

California at Your Door.

I HAVE just received a fine assortment of Clocks, Watches, Jewelry and Toys which I will sell cheap for cash silver ware made to order. Watches and Jewelry neatly repaired by W. H. DUNCAN.
March 30-1f.

LOST.

A FINE BAR RING was dropped some where on the streets of Lebanon on last Monday night by a lady—a person finding said Bar-Ring and leaving it at this office, will be suitably rewarded besides receiving the thanks of the lady.
mar30 1f.

New Spring & Summer
GOODS.

WE are opening and receiving a large and well selected stock of Dry Goods suitable for the seasons and of the most approved styles and quality, which we will sell as cheap as they can be had in this place.

Our stock comprises all Goods kept in Dry Goods Stores generally, such as Cloths, Cassimeres, Berraz, De Lains, Vestings, Silks, Clothing, Cotton Yarns, Boots & Shoes.

Together with a large stock of Hardware, Queensware, Cutlery, &c.

J. B. WATHEN & CO.
March 22d 1853-1f.

Mrs. Mary Collins.

TAKES pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Lebanon and surrounding country that she has opened a DAGUERREAN GALLERY at Odd Fellows' Hall.

Ladies and gentlemen are most respectfully invited to call and see her pictures—of which she has a large variety.

Her stay must be short. Should any be wanting their pictures taken, they would do well not to delay. She promises good pictures, well finished.—Prices from ONE DOLLAR and A HALF to SIX DOLLARS.

N. B.—Fine Breast pins, and Cases of every variety kept on hand.
(mar16-1f)

New Spring Goods.

T. & E. SLEVIN,

MAIN STREET, SECOND DOOR BELOW THIRD, LOUISVILLE, KY.

WE are vining a beautiful ock of Spring and Summer Dry Goods, making our assortment very full and well selected, consisting in part of—

75 Cases 3-4 4-4 6-4 and 12-4 Bleached Cotton;

35 do Bleached Drilling;

30 do Cottonades, Cotton Cassimeres, Denims

125 do Fancy, Purple, and Black Prints;

20 do English, French and Domestic Ginghams;

15 do Fancy and Black Lawns;

10 do Black and Colored Cambrics and Sellcias;

15 do Shirting and Apron checks and Tweeds;

10 do Irish and French Linens and Hollands

5 do Bleached and Brown Canton Flannels;

120 Bales 3-4, 4-4, and 6-4 Brown Cotton;

60 do Assorted Tickings;

25 do Heavy Osnaburghs;

30 do Brown and Blue Drillings;

10 do Shirting Stripes;

60 Pieces Black and Fancy Oloths;

150 do do do Cassimeres;

125 do do do Satinet, Tweeds, and Jeans;

125 do Drap d'Ete and other Summer cloth;

135 do Figured and Plain Mous d'Laine;

140 do Black and Fancy Lustre;

150 do Silk, Satin, and Cotton Vesting;

80 do Worsteds and Silk Serges;

300 do Fancy Worsteds Barges;

100 do Black and Fancy Silk;

600 do Jaconet, Cambric and Swiss Muslin;

2500 do Moquette Bares;

1000 do Bonnet, Cap, and Mantua Ribbons;



R. R. R. REMEDIES.

Radway's Ready Relief,
Radway's Renewing Resolvent,
Radway's Ready Regulators.
The use of which will in all cases
INSTANTLY STOP PAIN, QUICKLY CURE
DISEASES AND ALWAYS PREVENT
SICKNESS.

No pain or sickness, or disease, or unhealth-
y matter will remain in or affect the
system while it is under the influence of
R. R. R. REMEDIES.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF, INTERN-
ALLY AND EXTERNALLY.
EXTERNAL PAINS.

The moment it is applied Externally it
stops all Pain.
IT CURES

Rheumatism, Neuralgia,
Lumbago, The Dolorous,
Gout, Sprains and Strains,
Paralysis, Distorted Limbs,
Sick Headache, Painful Swellings,
Cramps and Spasms,
IN A FEW HOURS.
INTERNAL PAINS.

A few drops of Radway's Ready Relief, taken
internally, will stop the most distressing
pains Diarrhoea, Cholera Morbus, Di-enter-
y, instantly soothe, arrest and ally the most violent
Cramps, Spasms, and Convulsions.

R. R. RELIEF.
The very moment it is applied, it stops pain,
arrests disease and removes its cause.

R. R. RELIEF.
Cripples Leap for Joy!!!
The aged, infirm, and the crippled, in-
stantly feel the effects of Radway's Ready Relief:
it rejuvenates old age, renders the stiff
jointed supple and active, infuses life and
strength in the sore, weak and disabled limb,
removes all pain and soreness from the joints
and muscles, a strengthens and makes sound
and whole, the weak infirm and crippled.

R. R. RELIEF.
Cough cured in Five Minutes.
Radway's Ready Relief, cured a gentleman in
five minutes, of a severe fit of coughing. The
gentleman had not slept for two nights; it was
applied Externally and Internally.

R. R. RELIEF.
Rheumatism!
An aged gentleman was troubled with Rheu-
matism for six years. Sometimes his feet
would swell to three times their natural size
he suffered the most excruciating pains. He
was relieved from pain in Five Minutes after
using R. R. Relief. He has not been troubled
since.

A CARD.
We guarantee that in ninety-nine cases out of
one hundred, Radway's Ready Relief will do
all that is here set down. One trial will prove
its efficacy. The moment it is applied it arrests
the progress of diseased action, and instantly al-
lays irritation.

R. R. R. is sold for 25 cents per bottle, and
50 cents and \$1 per bottle.
Genuine Relief.
Each bottle to be Genuine must bear the fac-
simile signature of RADWAY & CO.
On the Label, and the letters
R. R. R.
Blown in the Glass.

Sold by L. H. NOBLE, Lebanon Ky., and
JOHN STARK, Springfield, Ky.

J. E. HAYNES. ANDREW GRAHAM.

NEW PICKETT
Tobacco Warehouse,
Haynes & Graham, Proprietors,
Corner of Eighth and Main Streets,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

THE above fire-proof Warehouse has been
much enlarged and is doing a fine
business. Our receipts have been upwards of 10,
000 hogsheads since the opening of our house—
1st of October, 1851—and our sales have been
very satisfactory.

Our mode of selling is as follows, viz: Every
hogshead is put up and sold on its own merits,
and after the sale it is with the owner to confirm
or reject the same, at his pleasure.

One dollar per hogshead covers all charges
to the owner, after its arrival at the warehouse;
and he receives his money at the Warehouse
Office, as soon as the bills can be made out. We
are prepared to pay all charges on Tobacco con-
signed to us, and hold it subject to the instruc-
tion of the owner.

This Warehouse is now doing the most ex-
tensive business of any Tobacco Warehouse in
Kentucky, and we pledge ourselves to attend
strictly and promptly to all Tobacco entrusted to
our care; and we refer to our past years' busi-
ness, Merchants, Shippers, and Planters, gen-
erally.

HAYNES & GRAHAM.
Feb. 16, 2m.

J. R. Montgomery & Co
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
And dealers in Paints, Oils,
Dye-stuffs, window glass,
Glassware, Manufac-
tured Tobacco,
&c., &c.

509, Main street, between Third and Fourth
LOUISVILLE, KY.

WOULD respectfully call the attention of
purchasers of GOODS in their line, to
their extensive assortment, which they are now
receiving, and will continue to receive daily
throughout the season, and will be enabled to
offer goods on as favorable terms as any house
West of the Mountains.

Feb. 12, 1853-4f.

J. Hyman,
EASTERN STAR
CLOTHING DEPOT!
—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL—
470 Market street, between Third and
Fourth Streets,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Fredrica street, Owensboro Ky., and Main
street, Taylorsville, Ky.

N. B.—Trunks, Hats, Caps, and Carpet Bags
constantly on hand, cheaper than can be had
elsewhere, and every article in the Gentlemen's
Line. Our motto is—A nimble sixpence is
better than a slow shilling.

Look for J. HYMAN over the door.
Saml Hyman will always be pleased to see
friends from Marion co. at the store. Feb. 9-4m.

ENVELOPES of every quality and price,
on hand and for sale, at the Printing office
May 5

RAGS! RAGS! RAGS!!
5,000 POUNDS of Rags wanted im-
mediately at this Office, for
which a liberal price in CASH will be paid.
Lebanon, Ky., May 5, 1853

"Blessed is the man who advertises, for
he always gets 'value received.'"

Notice.

THE SUBSCRIBERS to the Capital stock
of the Nashville and Cincinnati Railroad
Company are required to pay five per centum of
the amount of Stock individually subscribed by
them; of which one per centum shall be paid on
the 1st day of March next; one per centum on
the 1st day of April next; one per centum on
the 1st day of May next; one per centum on
the 1st day of June next; and one per centum on
the 1st day of July next.

THOS. L. BRANSFORD, President.
Office of N & C R R Co.
GLASGOW, Ky., Jan. 25th, 1853.

JAMES W. ROWLAND. SANDERS SHANKS.

Rowland & Co.

Wholesale Grocers, and Dealers in
Bacon, Lard, Flour, Hides,
Tallow, &c.
Southwest corner of Main and Second streets,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

We will pay the highest prices in cash for Bacon,
Lard, Feathers, Flax-seed, and country
produce generally. ROWLAND & CO.
Nov. 10, 1852-4f.

SELBY HOUSE, LEBANON, KY.

The Misses Selby

HAVING lately purchased the Tavern stand
formerly occupied by Mr. J. A. HALL, take
this method of informing their old friends and
the public generally that they are now prepared
to receive boarders, by the day, week or
month. The house has been thoroughly re-
fitted and re-furnished with the most costly
and neat furniture.

Those who stop with them may be assured
that no pains will be spared to make them com-
fortable. The Stables of the establishment will
always be supplied by the best of provender and
attentive hostlers.

The above stand is on the North East corner
of 1st and Main Streets, to the left as you enter
the street coming from Springfield.
Jan. 12, 1853 4f.

CARRIAGES!! F. LAWREY

TAKES this method of informing
the citizens of Marion County, that
he will visit Lebanon at least once in every
month and some times oftener. He will always
be prepared to furnish CARRIAGES, BUG-
GIES, ROCKAWAYS, &c., of the very latest
and most fashionable patterns at Louisville prices.

I am always ready to exchange new carriages
for second hand upon terms.

My manufacture is at Louisville on the
corner of Main and Preston where I will always
be glad to receive orders or visits from the citi-
zens of this neighborhood. F. LAWREY.

Reference.—J. H. Kirk, J. P. Reed, S. Pur-
dy, Geo. Phillips and J. T. Jarboe.
Oct. 27th, 1852-6m.

Notice.

ALL those who are indebted to the firm of
A. SHACKLEFORD & MAHON, are re-
quested to come forward and settle, as I wish to
close the business of the firm as soon as possible.
Jan. 5th, 1853-1m. E. P. MAHON.

GROCERIES, Low for Cash.

THE undersigned having opened a NEW
FAMILY GROCERY, in the stand for-
merly occupied by Mr. Elder, and now by the
Post Office, takes this method of soliciting pub-
lic patronage.

He will keep on hand a full supply of Groc-
eries, together with confectionaries of all kinds
Those who wish to purchase would do well to
give me a call. J. A. HALL
Dec. 15, 1852-4f.

5,000 POUNDS of clean Linen
and Cotton RAGS wanted at
the Printing Office, for which the highest price
in CASH will be paid. May 5 4f

PROSPECTUS OF THE LEBANON POST

Enough has been said and wrote
upon the innumerable advantages arising
out of having a newspaper in a County; I
will not, therefore, enlarge upon this point.
Feeling convinced that the people of Ma-
rion wish an establishment of the kind in their
county, I have consented, after many
solicitations, to make a trial; let us see
what will be the result. I had partially
made my arrangements to move upon the
Ohio river, but if the people of Marion
will show, by subscribing liberally for the
"POST" that they want a paper, we will
succumb to their wishes, and settle amongst
them.

THE POST, will be strictly NEU-
TRAL in Politics and Religion; in all
things else perfectly INDEPENDENT,
expressing freely the views of the Editor
and his Correspondents, on the passing
events of the day, local matters, &c. I
am decidedly in favor of Railroad com-
munication in Kentucky, being firmly con-
vinced that in that way alone, can our be-
loved State keep up with the advancement of
the age and her older Sister-States. I am
particularly in favor of a communication
of this kind across the State, and thus
giving us a direct intercourse with the
great southern mart; being convinced that
such an intercourse would redound to the
benefit of all classes, and that the propo-
sed route through Marion County is the
best location in the State, and believe firm-
ly that it can and will be run. We will
advocate, conditionally, to the best of our
ability, this truly beneficial enterprise and
solicit the pens of others.

THE POST, will be dedicated to News,
Agriculture, Tales, Poetry, Anecdotes, &c.
&c. Nothing shall appear in its columns
of a hurtful or demoralizing tendency to
the mind; in a word, it shall be a FAMILY
NEWSPAPER.

THE POST, will be issued weekly, on
every Wednesday, on an imperial sheet at
\$2 per year in advance, \$2 50 if paid in
six months, or \$3 if the payment is delayed
until the end of the year. Wishing to
commence on the last of April or the
first of May, I would be gratified to re-
ceive all of my prospectuses, crowded with
names before that time.

W. W. JACK,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

More Rags Y-e-t 4f

New Fall and Winter GOODS.

WE have just received direct from NEW
YORK and PHILADELPHIA a com-
plete stock of Fall and Winter GOODS—
which we will sell for cash or to punctual dealers
on the usual credit—not customers and the pub-
lic generally are requested to give us a call. All
kinds of country produce take in exchange
for goods.

ABELL, WIMSATT, & CO.
All those indebted to the undersigned either
by note or account are requested to call and
settle, as we are determined to settle up our old
business.

L. A. & W. I. ABELL.
Sept. 6th, 1852-4f.

BOOKS! BOOKS!!

THE following School, and Miscellaneous
BOOKS, together with Stationery may be
had at the Drug Store; and any works desired,
not on hand will be immediately rendered.

Metcalf's 1st, 2nd, 3d, 4th, and 5th Readers,
Primer and S. Sellers.
Goodrich's 1st, 2nd, 3d and 4th Readers.
Webster's Dictionary, Speller, and Speller and
Definer.

Ray's, Davies', and Pike's Arithmetics and
Ray's Algebra.
Butler's, Smith's Kirkham's and Pinneo's
Grammars.

Mitchell, Olney's and Smith's Geographies.
Conestock's Natural Philosophy and Chemis-
try.
Pinneo's English Teacher; Familiar Science.
Cassius; the great work of Baron Humbolt.
History of England by Hume; Smallett & Mil-
ler, in 4 vols.

Kolliu's History of the Medes, Persians, Car-
thaginians, &c., in 2 vols.
Baroet's History of the United States in 4
vols.
Hildrith's History of the United States, in 6
vols.

Young American's Library in 10 vols., gilt
and embossed.
Scottish Chiefs, Cook's Voyages, Rinaldo Ri-
naldino.

Romance of the Forest, Children of the Abbey.
The practical works of Hewitt, Cook & Lau-
der.

Kirk White; Goldsmith; Shakespeare; Pope.
Moore, Ossian; Mrs. Hemans; Milton &
Young; Campbell; Byron; Wordsworth & Cou-
per; and Croly's British Tales, all beautifully gilt
and embossed.

Besides, a variety of elegant gilt books of va-
rious kinds and sizes.

All for sale for cash at nearly Louisville prices.
Lebanon, Sept. 22 1852-4f L. H. NOBLE.

Entered according to act of Congress, in the
year 1851, by J. S. HOUGHTON, M.D. in
the Clerk's Office of the District Court for
the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

Another Scientific Wonder. GREAT CURE FOR DYSPEPSIA! DR. J. S. HOUGHTON'S PEPSIN, THE TRUE DIGESTIVE FLUID, OR GASTRIC JUICE!

Prepared from Rennet, or the Fourth Stomach
of the Ox, after directions of Baron Liebig,
the great Physiologist, Chemist, by J. S.
HOUGHTON, M.D., Philadelphia, Pa.

"DIGEST." Such is the true meaning of
the word PEPsin. It is the chief element, or
great Digestive Principle of the Gastric Juice—the
Solvent of the Food, the Purifying, Preserving
and Stimulating Agent of the Stomach and
Intestines. It is extracted from the Digestive
Stomach of the Ox, thus forming a true Digestive
Fluid, precisely like the natural Gastric Juice
in its Chemical powers, and furnishing a com-
plete and perfect substitute for it.

This is Nature's own Remedy for an unhealth-
y Stomach. No art or man can equal its cu-
rative powers. It contains no Alcohol, Bitters,
Acids, or Nauseous Drugs. It is extremely
agreeable to the taste, and may be taken by the
most feeble patients who cannot eat a water
cracker without acute distress. Beware of
Drugged Imitations. Pepsin is not a Drug.

Half a teaspoonful of Pepsin infused in wa-
ter, will digest or dissolve five pounds of Roast
Beef in about two hours, out of the stomach.

THE Scientific Evidence upon which this
Remedy is based is in the highest degree curious
and remarkable.

Call on the Agent and get a Descriptive Cir-
cular, gratis, giving a large amount of scientific
evidence, from Leibig, Animal Chemistry; Dr. Perrin
on Food and Diet; Dr. John W. Draper of New
York University; Prof. Dunglison's Physiology;
Prof. Silliman, of Yale College; Dr. Carpenter's
Physiology; &c., together with reports of cures
from all parts of the United States.

Pepsin in Fluid and Powder.
DR. HOUGHTON'S PEPsin is prepared in
powder and in Fluid Form—and in prescription
vials for the use of Physicians. The powder will
be sent by mail free of Postage for one dollar
sent to Dr. Houghton, Philadelphia.

OBSERVE THIS!—Every bottle of
the genuine Pepsin bears the written signature of
J. S. HOUGHTON, M.D., sole proprietor,
Philadelphia Pa. Copy-right and Trade mark
secured.

Sold by all Druggists and dealers in Medi-
cine. Price ONE DOLLAR per bottle.

L. H. NOBLE, Lebanon,
J. L. SHERLEY, Harrodsburg,
D. D. Woods, Bardonia.

LEBANON Male and Female Seminary.

WILL be opened again on Monday the
14th of February.

Terms per Session of 20 weeks:
In Primary Classes, \$6 00
In Junior Classes, \$8 00 & 10 00
In Senior Classes, 12 00

No deduction made except in case of protracted
illness.

Board, fees students in Male Department, can
be obtained in the country, convenient to the
Seminary, at from \$1 to 1 25 per week; with
the teacher, at 1 50

Board, in the Female Department, including
Fuel, Lights, Washing &c. \$2 00 per week, or
from Monday till Friday evening, at \$4 25.

W. T. KNOTT, A. B. Pr. M. D.
L. H. NOBLE, Pr. F. D.
Lebanon, Ky. Jan. 25, 1853.

MRS. DEVINNY.

Fashionable Dress and Cloak Maker,
LATE of LOUISVILLE, offers her services
to the ladies of Lebanon, and vicinity. Her
rooms are at the Hotel of Mrs. Selby, where
she will be happy to receive calls.

Dec. 22, 1852.

CRY always on hand and for sale cheap at
THE PRINTING OFFICE. 4f

New Fall and Winter DRY GOODS.

L. A. SPALDING & CO.
WOULD respectfully inform their friends
and the public generally that they have
now in St. re a large and well selected stock of
Fall and Winter Goods,

Comprising all the varieties and patterns suit-
able for this market, which they are determined
to sell as low as any establishment in the West.
Our friends and the public generally are re-
quested to call and examine our stock.

Sept. 20th, 1852.

New Fall and Winter DRY GOODS.

THE undersigned has just received from the
East a very handsome assortment of La-
dies' and Gentlemen's goods, selected by one of
the tastiest buyers, west of the Alleghenys, con-
sisting in part of the following articles:

Armenian cloths; figured and plain delains;
fancy colored merinos; silks and black and
fancy cloths; 6-4 La Bayadere cassimeres; black
Deukins; embroidered Vestings; plain do.; over-
coats; Cloak linings; Ladies' and Gentle-
men's Kids and Buckskins; all of the goods
can be bought very low for cash or on a short
credit.

Persons owing account for the past year will
confer a favor to be forgotten soon by com-
ing in and settling by cash. MONEY I AM
BOUND TO HAVE. J. R. KNOTT.

Oct. 6th, 1852-4f.

State of Kentucky, } Set., Sept. Term
Marion Circuit. } 1852.
GREEN PHILLIPS, Adm. Plt't.

against
GREEN PHILLIPS' Creditors, &c. Def't.

ORDERED by the Court that all persons
having claims against the estate of Green
Phillips, dec'd., are hereby required to produce
and prove the same before Wm. S. Knott, Mas-
ter Court, in Chancery, at the Clerk's Office of
the Marion Circuit Court, on or before the March
Term next, and all creditors are enjoined from
otherwise disposing of their claims until the fur-
ther order of the Court.

Attest, WM. S. KNOTT, M. Comr.

FANCY PLAIN and ornamented Candles
of every variety, suitable for Christmas
presents; received and for sale by
Dec. 20 A. J. GREEN & CO.

A FINE LOT of NOTEPAPER just re-
ceived and for sale, at the Printing office,
May 5 4f

CABINET MAKING.

THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully an-
nounce to the citizens of Lebanon and
Marion county that he still continues to man-
ufacture on the most reasonable terms and in
the most workmanlike manner, all articles usual-
ly kept in establishments of the kind; such as:

Fine, Marble-top, and common Bureaus;
Fine and common Bedsteads, all sizes,
Spring Mattresses,
Tables, large and small, &c., &c.

All of which he will sell on as reasonable terms
as they can be bought for in any town in Ken-
tucky. Than for past favors, I would so-
licit, and hope to deserve by punctuality to busi-
ness, a continuance of the patronage hitherto ex-
tended to me.

May 12, 1852, 4f

ALL KINDS OF BLANKS done in
the neatest style at this office.

THE VERY FINEST article of LETTER
PAPER that the country can afford may
be found, low for cash, at the Printing Office.
May 5, 4

REMOVAL.

THE undersigned have removed into their
large and commodious Store House, where
they are receiving and opening a large and well
selected stock of Staple and Fancy Fall and
Winter.

Dry Goods,
selected with great care by one of the Firm, at
New York and Philadelphia.—Having purchased
at low prices, they are determined to sell low,
and would be pleased to see all of their old
friends and acquaintances. Our terms will be
low for cash, or to punctual dealers on twelve
months time.

J. W. Chandler, having associated himself
with R. S. Peters, the business of the Firm will
be conducted under the name of
J. W. CHANDLER & CO.

All those indebted to J. W. Chandler, on ac-
count or note, are particularly requested to
come forward and make payment as I am deter-
mined to wind up the business of the old concern.

J. W. CHANDLER.
Lebanon, Ky., Sept. 22, 1852-4f.

New Fall and Winter DRY GOODS.

MAAS & RORCHILD.
Springfield, Ky.

HAVING added to their already large stock,
a full supply of FALL and WINTER DRY
Goods of all the varieties and patterns suitable
for this market. Being determined to sell goods
as low as any establishment in the West, we
would invite all those who wish to lay in their
Winter clothing to call and examine their stock
before purchasing elsewhere. We do not charge
anything for showing goods.

September 1st, 1852-4f.

Cigars! Cigars!!

THE very best article of Regalia, Lanorma
and Principe Cigars can now be procured
at my Reading Room. All those who are fond
of good Cigars can now get them without any
trouble. Come gentlemen, and smoke and read
to your hearts content. W. W. JACK.

August 25 4f.

LOST.

ON Water Street, on Tuesday the 17th, 1852,
a GOLD SHIRT STUD. Said stud was
orned of a South American \$1 25 piece on one
side, and a circular piece of wrought gold on the
other. The wrought gold had engraved upon it
the letters T. J.

Any one finding and returning said stud to the
Printing Office, will be suitably rewarded and
many thanks. Aug 18th, 1852.

A FINE LOT of VISITING and BUSI-
NESS CARDS, on hand and for sale at
the Printing Office. May 5, 4f

SCROLLS, PAPER, of the very best qual-
ity, on hand and for sale, at the Printing
Office. May 5, 4f

Northern New York Lin Stock Ins Co

OF PLATTSBURG, NEW YORK.
Capital—\$50,000.

Incorporated by the Legislature of the State
of New York, July, 1851.

Forces, Cattle, and all kinds of Live Stock,
Insured against Death, by the combined risks of
Fire, Water, Diseases, &c.

Stock transported by Water, Railroad, or drive
on foot to market, insured at fair rates.

The subscriber having been appointed Agent
of the above reliable and perfectly solvent Com-
pany, is prepared to issue Policies at as low
rates of premium as any responsible Company in
the United States.

He respectfully invites the attention of Liv-
ery Stable Keepers, Cabmen, Farmers, and all
others interested.

R. S. PETERS, Agent.
Lebanon, Ky., Aug. 25, 1852.

Came all ye sinners abetting and shaking,
Huntery and thimby, the cake are a baking.

Geo. Scott again in the Field.

H. JOHNSTON.

HAS JUST RECEIVED a large and ap-
ple assortment of Cooking and confection-
ing

STOVES

of the latest and most improved patterns, and
would call the particular attention of the pub-
lic to his large heavy premium cooking stove,
made especially for the country.

All kinds of Tin ware on hand, together with
my usual variety of notions, and every kind of
article that is needed in the cooking line.

Oct. 20th 1852.

PROSPECTUS OF ST. MARY'S COLLEGE

NEAR LEBANON, MARION CO., KY.

This Literary Institution, founded in
1851, by the late Rev. WILLIAM BROWN,
and subsequently conducted for many
years by the Jesuits, is now under the su-
perintendence of the Right Rev. Bishop
of Louisville, who will always take mea-
sures to provide a suitable Faculty for carrying
it on with a view to promote the greatest
public good. Under the auspices of the
previous conductors, the Institution has
been instrumental in widely diffusing the
blessings of a religious education through-
out Kentucky and the adjoining States.

The steadiness of its patronage has been
a constant evidence of the public approb-
ation. The beauty and salubrity of the sit-
uation,

Select Poetry.

We Fade as a Leaf.

We fade away like autumn leaves,
Before the north wind's chilling breath,
And earth, with open breast, receives,
All that has felt the touch of death.
We fade away nor leave behind
A trace of all the glorious past,
Save where the magic touch of mind
A spell upon the earth has cast.

We fade away, but like the leaf,
The purpose of our life is done,
Our works are gathered like the sheaf,
And saved each laurel we have won.
Then at the close of our career,
With power life and new powers,
We think no more how early here
Faded the leaf in autumn's bowers.

Miscellaneous.

Homestead Exemption.

The following extracts exhibit the various qualifications of the Homestead Exemption Bills now in the several States named:

Maine.—A lot of land, a dwelling house, and out buildings thereon, or so much thereof as shall not exceed \$5,000 in value.

Vermont.—The homestead of every housekeeper, or head of a family, to the value of \$5,000 and the yearly products thereof.

Massachusetts.—The lot and buildings thereon occupied as a residence to the value of \$5,000.

New York.—The lot and buildings thereon occupied as a residence to the value of \$5,000.

Maryland.—All real estate acquired by marriage during the life of a wife, from execution for debt of husband.

Georgia.—Twenty acres of land, including dwelling and improvements, not to exceed \$200; and the additional amount of five acres for each child under fifteen years of age.

Florida.—Forty acres of land, when not in any town or city, and provided such does not exceed in value \$400.

Alabama.—Forty acres of land to every farmer; and to every housekeeper residing in a town or city, a house and lot not to exceed \$3,000.

Texas.—Two hundred acres of land, when not in town lots, not to exceed \$2,000 in value.

Ohio.—Every family a homestead not to exceed \$500 in value.

Michigan.—Forty acres, with dwelling house and appurtenances, when not in town or city—if in town or city, a lot or dwelling house to exceed in value \$1500.

Illinois.—Lot of ground and buildings occupied as a residence not exceeding in value \$1000.

Iowa.—Forty acres of land not in town or city, or city or town lot not exceeding in amount one-fourth of an acre.

California.—The homestead, consisting of a quantity of land, together with the dwelling house thereon with its appurtenances, and not exceeding in value the sum of \$5,000.

New Jersey.—A homestead to each head of a family, being the family residence to the value of \$500; not to be assets in the hands of an administrator, but to remain for the benefit of the widow and until the maturity of the minor child.

South Carolina.—A homestead of fifty acres of land, including the dwelling house and appurtenances, not exceeding \$500 in value, and to extend to any property within the limits of any city or town corporate.

A BEREAVED PARENT.—Ahmet Jayer Pasha (of Egypt) was said to be very fond of his children—for a Pasha—and was apt to take the death of any of them much to heart. One sickly season a violent epidemic broke out in the royal nursery, and carried off some eighty-nine of the Pasha's offspring. An English missionary, who chanced to be in Alexandria at the time, called to condole with his Majesty, hoping that he might turn his bereavement to the advantage of his soul, and make a good Christian of him. But the old Heaten at once tabooed religious topics, and having ordered a pipe for his visitor, in a twinkling smoked on in silence. The missionary felt rather awkward. He could espy no opening for a conversation, nor did he know how to get out of the royal presence. At last, making a desperate effort, he remarked that his Majesty must be left nearly, if not quite, childless, by the death of the eighty-nine. "Yes replied the Pasha, I am now, nearly childless—I have but one hundred and seventy three children left; but Allah be praised!"

'Doctor,' said a young Miss, of the high heeled modesty school, "Ma sent me to tell you that sister Maria Euphemia Dulcy Louisa Minerva Rhody Jane has got a sore above the wrist of her left foot, between the wrist and shoulder.

A Puzzle for a Foreigner
Wife, make me some dumplings of dough. They're better than meat for my cough; Pray let them be boiled till hot through; But not till they're heavy or tough.

Now, I must be off to the plough,
And the boys, when they've had enou h,
Must keep the flies off with a bough,
While the old mare licks at the trough.

'Oh that we could but fix upon eternal and unchangeable Being the affections which here we pour forth, a wasted treasure upon the dust! But they are of the earth, earthly; they cling with vain devotedness to mortal idols: how often to be thrown back upon our hearts and to press them down with a weight of voiceless thoughts, and of feelings which find no answer in the world!'

A FATAL LEGACY.—The following paragraph is published in a French paper, the *Journal des Voyages*:—A few days since a young girl, residing near Charnes (Vosges), on returning from Nancy, where she had been to receive 800 francs, which had been bequeathed to her by a relative, was overtaken on the road by a young man and girl, who fell into conversation with her. She had placed in a hand basket, and as the young man observed that she frequently transferred it, on account of its weight, from one hand to the other he offered to carry it for her, which was accepted. The young man at the same time thrust some things of his own into it and among the rest, his papers. On reaching Grevechamp, they all entered a public house to take some refreshment, and the young woman, receiving the basket from her male companion, placed it on the table by her side.

The mistress of the house in serving them, struck against the basket, which gave out a metallic sound. She asked what the basket contained, was informed 800 francs belonging to the young woman. The plan of the mistress of the house was without doubt, formed instantaneously, for, making a sign to the girl to follow her out, she said to her when in the passage, "You are not aware with whom you have been walking; that young man is a very bad character. Do not think of departing with him." "What am I to do, then," said the girl. "Take your basket and go down into the cellar, where you will find my husband. You can remain there until the others are gone." The young woman acted as the woman recommended, and when the other travelers were about to depart, they inquired for their companion—"She has gone one before you," says the woman, "you will overtake her."

The young man urged the girl who was with him to make all the haste she could, as he wanted to recover his papers. After walking until late in the evening, they overtook no one, but being met by two gendarmes, were called on by them to give an account of themselves. They mentioned what had happened, but the whole story appeared to the gendarmes, a very unlikely one. However, the gendarmes agreed to accompany the young man back to the public house. When they arrived there the door was closed, and no answer was given to them when they knocked. The gendarmes at last forced their way in, and found nothing of a suspicious character in the rooms above; but in the cellar was discovered the body of the young woman cut up into pieces. The husband and the wife who had perpetrated the murder, were at once arrested.

A GREATER THAN ERICSSON.—The Geneva correspondent of the Newark Daily Advertiser says: "A complete revolution in the means of steam navigation and locomotion is anticipated here from a recent invention by Dr. Carosia, of this city. He has, it is said, succeeded in constructing an apparatus for the decomposition of water by electro-magnetism, which will introduce the gas thus generated into the engine, in a way to save all the expense of fuel. His invention has been approved by savans and practical engineers, and a company has subscribed the means of giving it a full experiment. Means have also been adopted to secure patents in all other countries.

AN AFFAIR OF IMPORTANCE.—*Harriet*—"Oh! I am so glad you are come, Blanche! I have been so perplexed! I could hardly sleep all night." *Blanche*—"Well what is it, dear?" *Harriet*—"Why, I don't know whether to have my new merino frock violet or dark blue!"—*Punch*.

A clown went to the clergyman of his parish, and told him, in great consternation, that he had seen a ghost.
"Where did you see it?"
"Why," said Diggory, "as I was going to please your reverence, by the church, right up against the wall I seen a ghost."
"For all the world like a great ass!"
"Go home and hold your tongue!" said the clergyman. "You are a timid creature, and have been frightened at your own shadow."

From the *Copet Bag*, we gather the following scrap on office seekers:
"The office-holders are all in a sweat," said an office-hoper, with exultation;
"True," said old Roger, "I never yet saw such a General Pierce-piercing!"

FRIED MUSH.—Mush, to be fried should be boiled an hour longer, and have half a pint of wheat flour stirred into it about half an hour before it is done. Take it out of the pot, and put it in an earthen dish and let it stand till perfectly cold, then cut it in slices half an inch thick, and fry them brown.

When Adam got tired naming his numerous descendants, he said, "Let all the rest be called Smith."

What Can be got for Five Dollars!!

The undersigned have entered into an arrangement by which they agree to furnish the Knickerbocker Magazine, (monthly,) the Home Journal, (weekly,) and the Musical World and Times, (weekly,) to new subscribers, at the very moderate price of five dollars a year for the three publications: all orders, enclosing that amount to Dyer & Willis, will be promptly attended to.

SAMUEL HUESTON,
Publisher of the Knickerbocker.
MORRIS & WILLIS,
Publishers of the Home Journal.
DYER & WILLIS,
Publishers of the Musical World and Times, 257 Broadway New York.

Grand Literary and Artistic Combination.

Arrangements have been made to furnish the KNICKERBOCKER MAGAZINE, the HOME JOURNAL, and the NEW YORK MUSICAL WORLD and TIMES, to new subscribers, for FIVE DOLLARS a year! This is cheap literature, with a vengeance. The Knickerbocker is \$3 per annum; the Home Journal, \$2; and the Musical World and Times, \$3 making \$8 a year at the usual rates. That three such works can be obtained for five dollars a year, is a fact truly worthy the *Caloric age*, which is just now being ushered in. Of the Knickerbocker Magazine, edited by LEWIS GAYLORD CLARK, it is unnecessary to speak. For twenty years it has been the most genial, humorous, and spicy "monthly" in the world; and the present volume will be better than any which preceded it. The Home Journal, edited by GEO. P. MORRIS and N. P. WILLIS, is well known as the best family newspaper in America; and the Musical World and Times, edited by RICHARD STORRS WILLIS, with LOWELL MASON, GEO. H. CURTIS, THOMAS HASTINGS, WM. P. BRADBURY, GEO. F. ROOF, and other musical writers contributing; and which gives among other things, over \$25 worth of music and a full course of instruction in harmony annually, is the very best musical Journal ever published. These three publications will post a family up in regard to nearly everything worth knowing.—Art, Science, Literature, Music, Painting, Sculpture; Inventions, Discoveries; Wit, Humor, Fancy, Sentiments; the Newest Fashion and other attractions for Ladies, Choice New Music for the Sabbath, the Church and the Fire-side; Reviews and Criticisms of Musical Works, Performers and Performances; in short, the very pick and cream of Novelty, Incident, History, Biography, Art, Literature and Science; including whatever is really Amusement and Solid Instruction in the family, and help to make it Better, Wiser, and Happier, may be now obtained for five dollars. Address DYER & WILLIS, 257 Broadway.

Editors publishing the above three times and sending the papers containing it to Dyer & Willis, will receive the three works named, for one year.

PHILADELPHIA PERFUMERY.

I HAVE just received from Philadelphia, the most extensive and elegant assortment of Perfumery, Flavoring Extracts, Soaps and Powders for the Toilet, the Skin, the hair, and the Hands, the Handkerchief, the Beard and the Teeth; and for Jellies, Creams, Cakes, Pastry, &c., ever presented to this community; all of which, having been purchased of the manufacturer in large quantities and for cash; I will sell at reduced prices. It is presumed that the great value of the above articles for enhancing the Beauty and promoting the Health and Happiness, is so well known by all, that every Family and every Adult thereof, will avail themselves of the present opportunity for obtaining some one or more of the following list, to wit:

For the Toilet.
Toilet Water,
Double Cologne.
Single do.,

For the Skin.
Lemon Rouge,
Magnolia Tablet,
Magnolia Balls,
Lip Balm,
Amandine,
Toilet Powder,

For the Hair.
Amber Lustral,
Philocome,
Bear Pomatum,
Bear's oil,
Rose Hair Oil,
Hair Dye,
Hair Restorer,
Bandoline,

For the Hands.
Rose Soap,
Patchouly do.,
Christal Balls,
Brown Windsor Soap,
Ambrosial do.,
Mammoth do.,

For the Beard.
Rose Shaving Soap,
Ambrosial do.,
Military do.,

For the Teeth.
Dental Soap,
Ebony Tooth Paste,
Tooth Cordial,

For the Handkerchief.
Rose,
Citronella Rose,
Cologne,
Geranium,
Verbena,
Honey Suckle,
Sweet Briar,
Sweet Pea,
Sweet Clover,
Patchouly,
Mousseline,
Hawthorn,
Jessamine,
Lilac,
New Mown Hay,
Orange Flowers,
Pink,
Spring Flowers,
Upper Ten.

For Jellies, Creams, &c.
Almond,
Cinnamon,
Lemon,
Peach,
Vanilla.

Des. 24, 1852. L. A. NOLAN.

Last Call.

ALL those indebted to the undersigned, will please call immediately, and settle the same by cash or note, as I must, positively settle up my business.
J. A. HALL.
Nov. 10, if

COLUMBIAN AND GREAT WEST.

PROGRAMME FOR 1851.

The continuation of our excellent series of Western Romances and Tales.
Mr. Bennett's Forrest Rose will be followed by a domestic story of Western life, founded on facts, entitled

ELLA WINSTON;

By WALTER WHITMORE, Esq.,

Author of "Ainslie," the "Maid of the Inn," "Love and Retribution," and other popular tales.

Mr. Whitmore is an accomplished scholar, as well as a polished and energetic writer, and his "Ella Winston" is pronounced, by good judges, to be equal if not superior to the best Western Novel ever written.

Ella Winston will be succeeded by GERARD LINCOLN; by Miss A. S. St. Clair, author of "Senora Inez," etc.

It is enough for us to say that this production is worthy of Miss St. Clair's reputation. To be finished in four numbers.

We take pleasure in informing our readers that, at a very large expense, we have succeeded in effecting an engagement with MRS. E. D. N. SOUTHWORTH.

We are further much gratified in being able to announce that we are promised another historical novel by

EMERSON BENNETT, ESQ., the incidents to be connected with the Revolutionary war. This will be ready the ensuing spring.

Each of the tales we have mentioned will be completed in a few weeks, and will not only be free from all that could offend a pure and cultivated taste, but will convey instructive and useful lessons.

L. A. HINE, ESQ., will immediately resume his valuable articles upon

THE RESOURCES OF THE WEST.

And we are assured by

MR. GALLAGHER,

that the pretensions of several prominent WRITERS OF THE WEST

will soon be considered.

TERMS AS HERETOFORE.

Single copies for one year, \$2.00

" " " six months, 1.00

Four copies for one year, 5.00

Eight copies, and one for agent, 10.00

Thirteen " " " 15.00

Twenty " " " 20.00

Payable invariably in advance.

W. B. SHATTUCK,

Editor and Proprietor.

E. PENROSE JONES,

Publisher.

Office of publication, third story of Gazette building, Main street, between Third and Fourth streets, Cincinnati, Ohio

1853

ELEVENTH YEAR

OF THE

LOUISVILLE

WEEKLY COURIER!

Acknowledged by general consent to be the Largest, Best and Cheapest Newspaper in the West.

In issuing the Eleventh Prospectus of the LOUISVILLE WEEKLY COURIER, we have great pleasure in announcing that Mr. Wm. D. Gallagher, Esq., has purchased an interest in the establishment, and he will hereafter be associated with us in its management. Mr. Gallagher is widely known as an able political and literary writer and a gentleman of cultivated taste, and being thoroughly Western in his education, habits and associations, and conversant with our Railroad and Manufacturing interests, we flatter ourselves that he will add largely to the value and interest of the *Courier*, and render it still more acceptable to its thousands of readers in every section of the great Mississippi Valley.

The *Louisville Weekly Courier*, Edited and Published by W. D. GALLAGHER & W. N. HALDEMAN,

Is one of the largest, handsomest and best papers in the Union, and for the quantity and quality of matter it contains and the great care taken in its preparation, it is beyond all question

The *Cheapest Paper in the West!* As a NEWSPAPER, its character is well established. Our readers of many years will bear witness that for enterprise, energy and reliability, it has borne the palm from all its contemporaries in Kentucky. It is almost invariably ahead in the publication of important news. It procures news of interest from all quarters, both by telegraph and private express, up to the very moment of publication, and entirely regardless of expense.

As a Commercial Paper, the *Courier* stands without a rival in Louisville. The gentleman who has had charge of the Commercial Department for the last six years, and whose entire time is devoted to it, has no superior, and his reports may always be regarded as accurate and reliable.

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Loaf Sugar, Molasses,
Brown Sugar, Spices,
Coffee, Liquors,
Tea, Wines,
Candies, Cordials,
Candles, Beer,
Preserves, Cider,
Pickles, Os,
Crocker Ware, Cheese,
Nails, Hardware,
And all other articles usually kept in an establishment of the kind.

My motto shall be, "Small profits and quick sales, for cash;" in a word, I will furnish any amount of Groceries at a small per cent on cost and carriage.

All kinds of Country produce taken in exchange at liberal prices.

J. R. JENKINS
Springfield, Ky., Oct. 4, 1851, 6m

Stationery.
I have a good supply of STATIONERY, on hand and for sale; such as:

FOOLSCAP AND LETTER PAPER,
NOTE PAPER,
PLAIN AND FANCY ENVELOPES,
STEEL PENS, &c., &c.

W. W. JACK.

In Politics, the *Courier* will continue firmly Whig; but while advocating Whig measures and Whig principles, we do not intend to do so to the exclusion of our usual variety. Our readers may rest assured that they will not be surfeited with politics through our columns.

Early in January we will commence the publication of the Original Stories:

The Martyr of the Heart, by Miss MATTIE GRIFFITH; *The Little Cripple* and his *Foster Mother*, by ALICE STANLEY.

A lady of Kentucky, whose literary productions have been greatly admired.

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The highest prices given in cash or trade for old Copper and Pewter.

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Pearl street, between Main and Market,
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No pains or expense will be spared in order to render the guests of the house comfortable and at ease, and therefore a share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

Sept. 20, 1851, 3m.

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GROCERY & PRODUCE
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